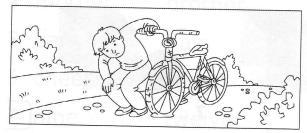
Completa con have oppure has.

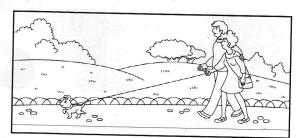
- Billy got a brother. 1
- They got a big house. 2
- I got a new laptop. 6 It got a ball. 3
- **4** She got blue eyes.
- We got a dog.

...../6

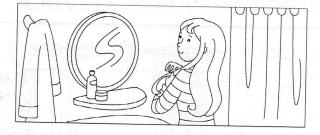
Osserva i disegni e completa le frasi con il verbo to have, sia alla forma affermativa sia negativa.



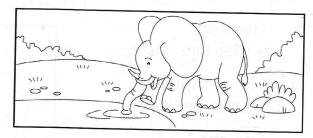
He got a new bike.



They ____ got a small dog.



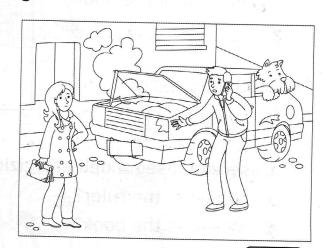
3 She got long hair.



It got big ears.

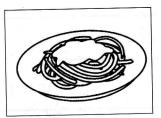
Osserva il disegno e cerchia le risposte giuste.

- Has she got short hair? 1 Yes, she has. / No, she hasn't.
- Has he got a mobile phone? 2 Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't.
- Have they got a big dog? 3 Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.
- Have they got a new car? Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.
- Has she got a book? 5 Yes, she has. / No, she hasn't.

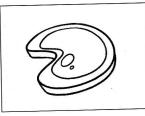


Mark: /15

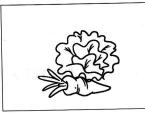
Sottolinea le parole raffigurate.



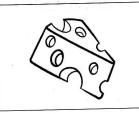
soup / pasta



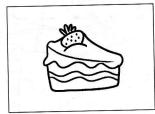
2 meat / cake



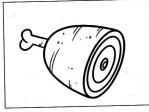
3 fruit /
vegetables



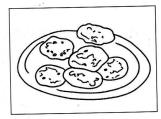
4 cheese / ham



5 salad / cake



6 ham / sandwich



bread / biscuits



8 milk / juice

2 Leggi le frasi e poi disegna il cibo che piace ai bambini.

I like bread and cheese.

I like meat and vegetables.



